

**TARMAC DELAY**– The holding of an aircraft on the ground either before departure or after landing with no opportunity for its passengers to deplane.

**TARMAC DELAY AIRCRAFT**– An aircraft whose pilot-in-command has requested to taxi to the ramp, gate, or alternate deplaning area to comply with the Three-hour Tarmac Rule.

**TARMAC DELAY REQUEST**– A request by the pilot-in-command to taxi to the ramp, gate, or alternate deplaning location to comply with the Three-hour Tarmac Rule.

**TAS**–

(See **TERMINAL AUTOMATION SYSTEMS**.)

**TAWS**–

(See **TERRAIN AWARENESS WARNING SYSTEM**.)

**TAXI**– The movement of an airplane under its own power on the surface of an airport (14 CFR Section 135.100 [Note]). Also, it describes the surface movement of helicopters equipped with wheels.

(See **AIR TAXI**.)

(See **HOVER TAXI**.)

(Refer to 14 CFR Section 135.100.)

(Refer to **AIM**.)

**TAXI PATTERNS**– Patterns established to illustrate the desired flow of ground traffic for the different runways or airport areas available for use.

**TCAS**–

(See **TRAFFIC ALERT AND COLLISION AVOIDANCE SYSTEM**.)

**TCH**–

(See **THRESHOLD CROSSING HEIGHT**.)

**TCLT**–

(See **TENTATIVE CALCULATED LANDING TIME**.)

**TDLS**–

(See **TERMINAL DATA LINK SYSTEM**.)

**TDZE**–

(See **TOUCHDOWN ZONE ELEVATION**.)

**TELEPHONE INFORMATION BRIEFING SERVICE**– A continuous telephone recording of meteorological and/or aeronautical information.

(Refer to **AIM**.)

**TEMPORARY FLIGHT RESTRICTION (TFR)**– A TFR is a regulatory action issued by the FAA via the U.S. NOTAM System, under the authority of United States Code, Title 49. TFRs are issued within the sovereign airspace of the United States and its territories to restrict certain aircraft from operating within a defined area on a temporary basis to protect persons or property in the air or on the ground. While not all inclusive, TFRs may be issued for disaster or hazard situations such as: toxic gas leaks or spills, fumes from flammable agents, aircraft accident/incident sites, aviation or ground resources engaged in wildfire suppression, or aircraft relief activities following a disaster. TFRs may also be issued in support of VIP movements, for reasons of national security; or when determined necessary for the management of air traffic in the vicinity of aerial demonstrations or major sporting events. NAS users or other interested parties should contact a FSS for TFR information. Additionally, TFR information can be found in automated briefings, NOTAM publications, and on the internet at <http://www.faa.gov>. The FAA also distributes TFR information to aviation user groups for further dissemination.

**TENTATIVE CALCULATED LANDING TIME (TCLT)**– A projected time calculated for adapted vertex for each arrival aircraft based upon runway configuration, airport acceptance rate, airport arrival delay period, and other metered arrival aircraft. This time is either the VTA of the aircraft or the TCLT/ACLT of the previous aircraft plus the AAI, whichever is later. This time will be updated in response to an aircraft's progress and its current relationship to other arrivals.

**TERMINAL AREA**– A general term used to describe airspace in which approach control service or airport traffic control service is provided.

**TERMINAL AREA FACILITY**– A facility providing air traffic control service for arriving and departing IFR, VFR, Special VFR, and on occasion en route aircraft.

(See **APPROACH CONTROL FACILITY**.)

(See **TOWER**.)

**TERMINAL AUTOMATION SYSTEMS (TAS)**– TAS is used to identify the numerous automated tracking systems including ARTS IIE, ARTS IIIA, ARTS IIIE, STARS, and MEARTS.

**TERMINAL DATA LINK SYSTEM (TDLS)**– A system that provides Digital Automatic Terminal